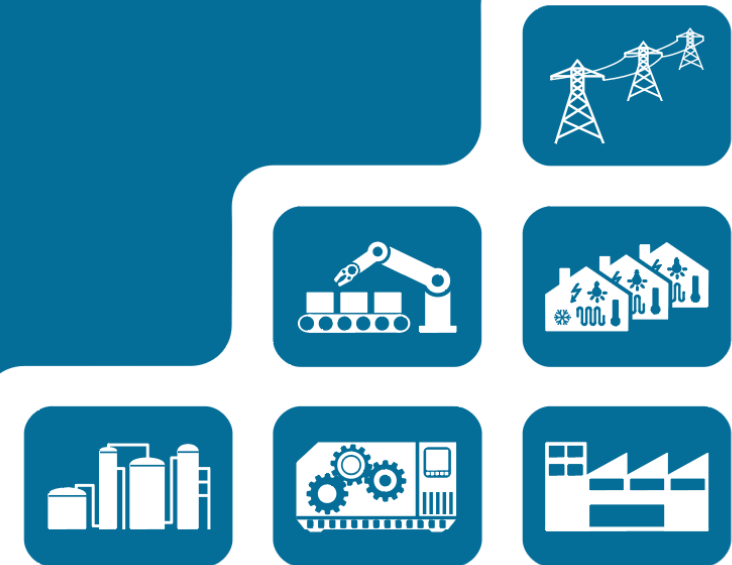




# Mastering Variability in Software-intensive Cyber-Physical Production Systems



Univ.-Prof. Dr. Rick Rabiser  
Christian Doppler Lab VaSiCS  
LIT | Cyber-Physical Systems Lab  
Johannes Kepler University Linz



# LIT Cyber-Physical Systems Lab

<https://www.jku.at/lit/cps-lab>

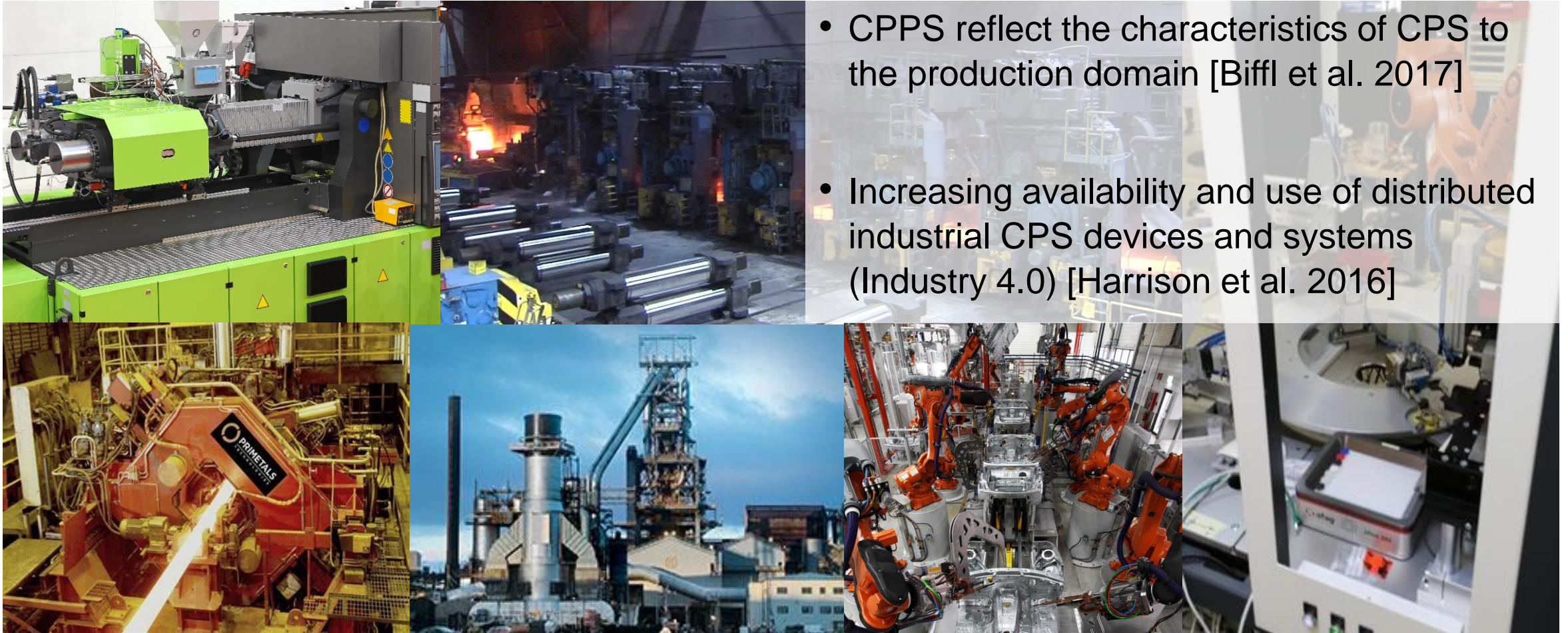




# Cyber-Physical Systems

- Term emerged in 2006, coined by Helen Gill at the National Science Foundation in the USA
- “*Cyber-physical systems (CPS) are engineered systems that are built from, and depend upon, the **seamless integration of computation and physical components.***”
- “*Cyber-physical systems are everywhere  
—and are operated by everyone*” (M. Broy)

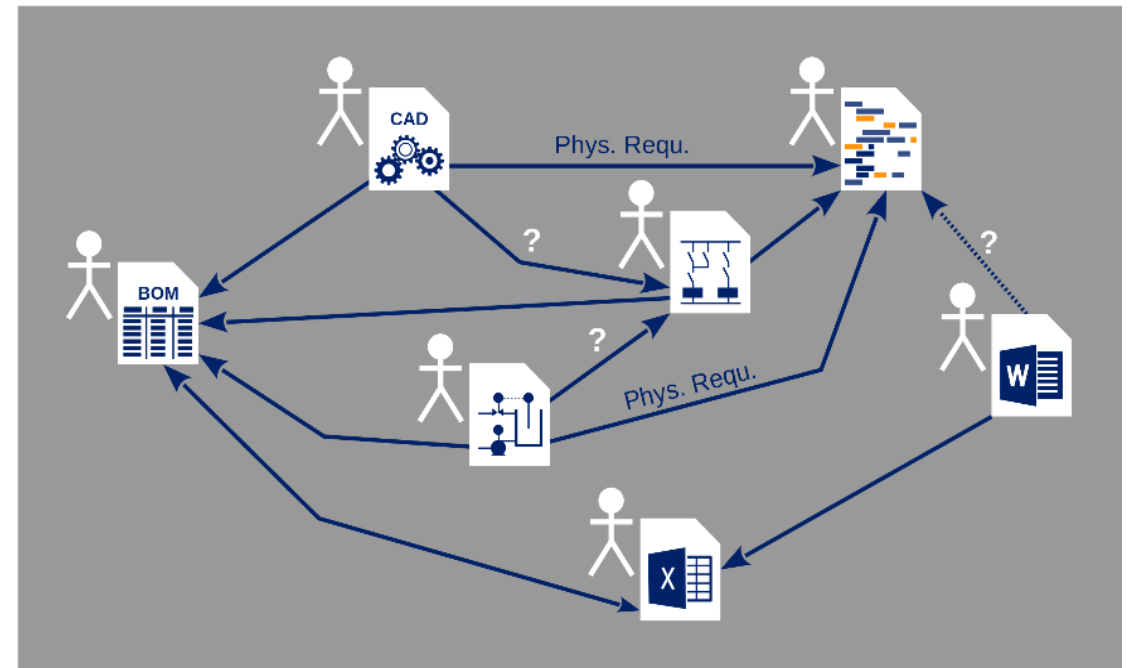
# Cyber-Physical Production Systems (CPPS)



- CPPS reflect the characteristics of CPS to the production domain [Biffl et al. 2017]
- Increasing availability and use of distributed industrial CPS devices and systems (Industry 4.0) [Harrison et al. 2016]

# CP(P)S and Variability

- SiCPPS are **highly variable systems of systems** [Nielsen et al. 2015] that **frequently evolve**
- Variability\* regards **hardware** and **software** artifacts, development **processes**, **disciplines** (mechanical, electrical, software engineering) and **methods** and **tools**
- Hardware is still one of the most significant **drivers** for variability in industry, directly followed by market pressure for customization [Berger et al. 2020]

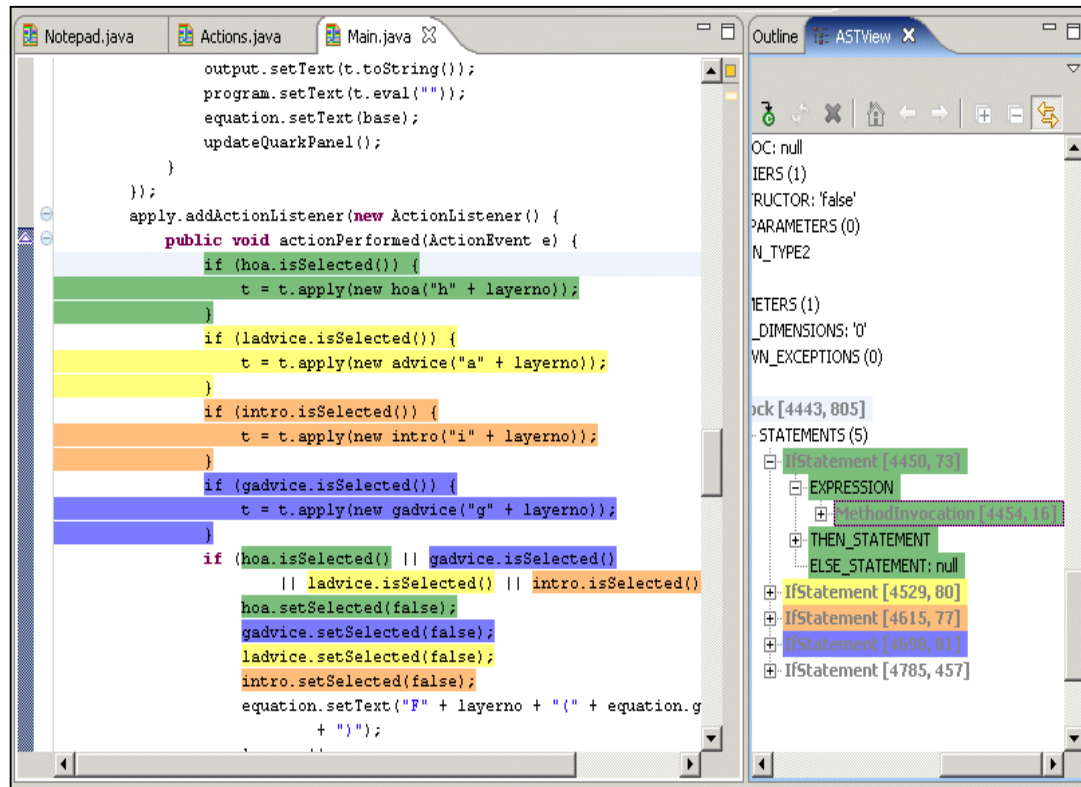


\* “the ability of a system or artefact to be efficiently extended, changed, customized or configured for use in a particular context” [Capilla et al. 2013]



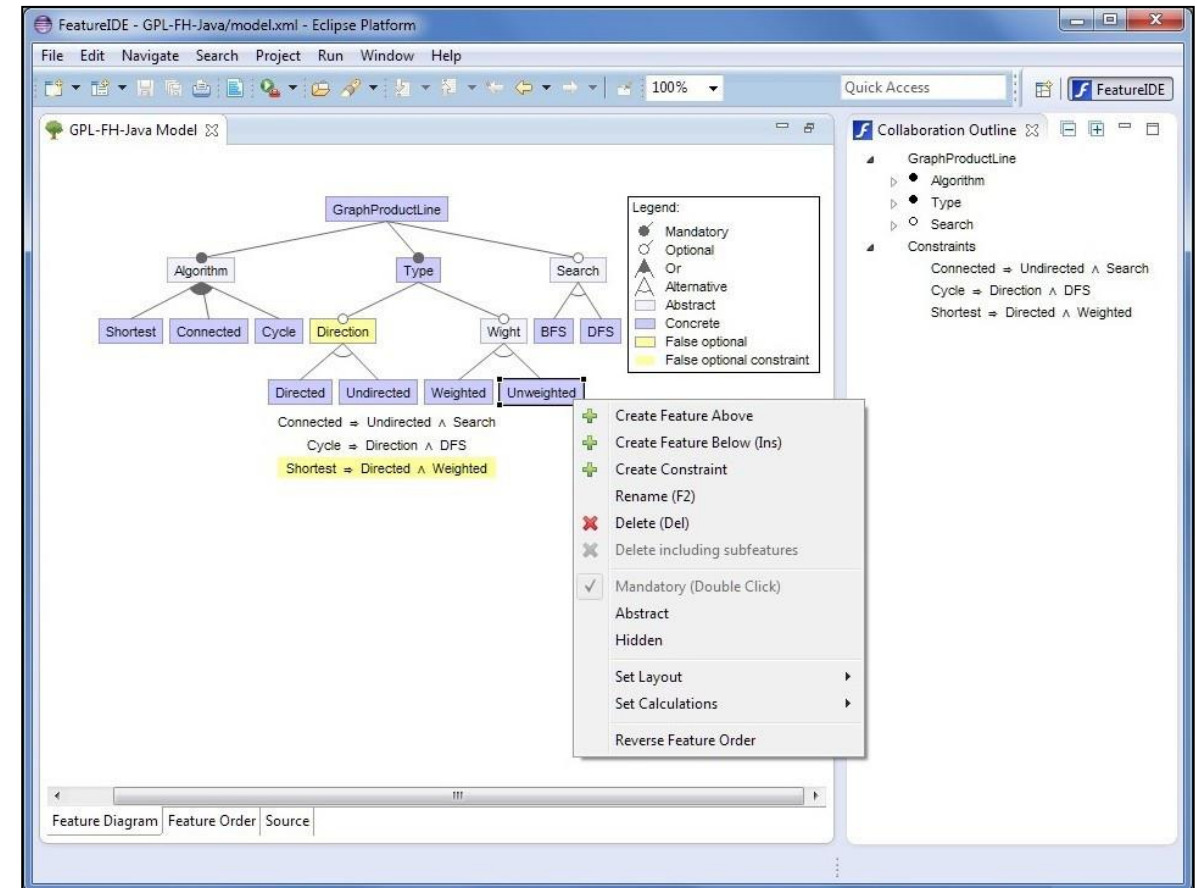
# The Bottom-up vs. the Top-down View on Variability

## Implementing Variability



(c) <http://ckaestne.github.io/CIDE/>

## Analyzing and Modeling Variability



Univ.-Prof. Dr. Rick Rabiser  
(rick.rabiser@jku.at)

(c) <http://www.featureide.com/>

# The Bottom-up vs. the Top-down View on Variability

## Implementing Variability

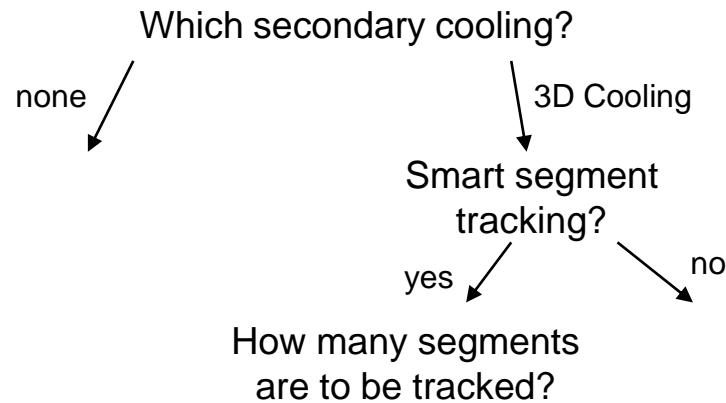
- Modularization / Module Replacement (e.g., Mechatronic Modules, Software Components)
- (Software Project) Templates / Typicals / (Function Block) Types
- Configuration Parameters
- Conditional Execution (If/Switch Statements (can depend calculations or parameters))
- Conditional Compilation (in C: IFDefs)
- Cloning (aka Clone & Own, Copy/Paste)
- Object-orientation (Polymorphism, Inheritance, ...)
- Microservices/SOA
- ...

## Analyzing and Modeling Variability

- **Feature-oriented** [Kang et al. 1990, Czarnecki and Eisenecker 2000]
- **Decision-oriented** [Synthesis 1991, Schmid and John 2004, Dhungana, Rabiser, Grünbacher 2011]
- Delta-oriented approaches [Schaefer et al. 2010]
- UML-based [Gomaa 2005, Jézéquel 2006]
- Orthogonal approaches [Pohl et al. 2005]
- Textual approaches [ter Beek et al. 2091]
- CVL [Haugen et al. 2013]
- ...

# Past Work: Decision-Oriented Variability Modeling

Decisions

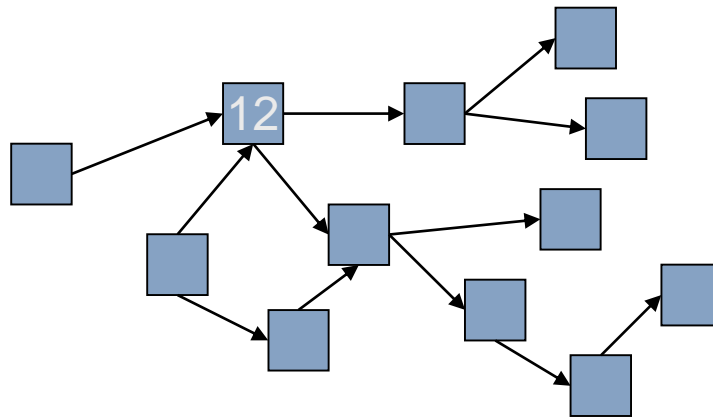


- Selection
  - which assets?
- Configuration
  - asset parameters

*D. Dhungana, P. Grünbacher, and R. Rabiser: **The DOPLER Meta-Tool for Decision-Oriented Variability Modeling: A Multiple Case Study.** Automated Software Engineering, vol. 18(1), 2011.*

*R. Rabiser, P. Grünbacher, and M. Lehofer: A Qualitative Study on User Guidance Capabilities in Product Configuration Tools. Proc. of the 27th IEEE/ACM International Conference Automated Software Engineering (ASE'12), Essen, Germany, ACM, 2012, pp. 110-119.*

Assets



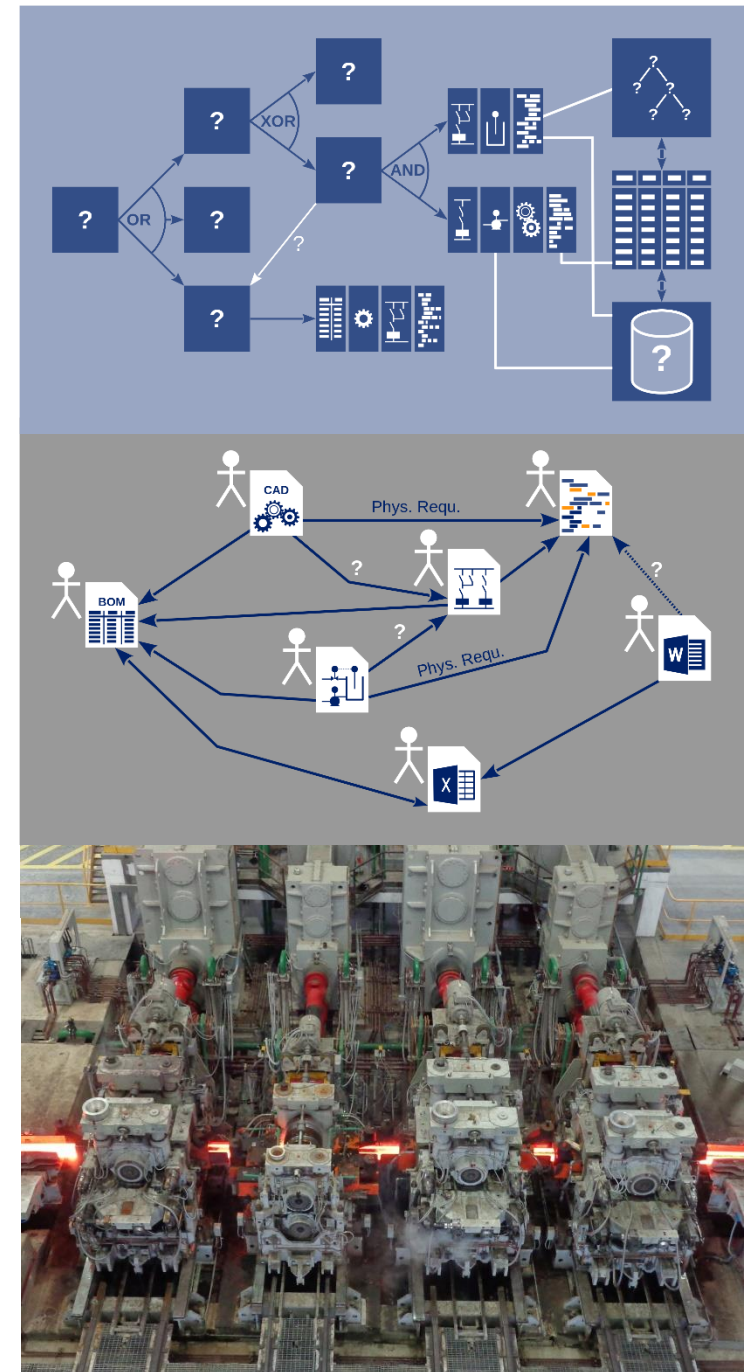


# Current Work: Christian Doppler Lab VaSiCS (2/2021-1/2028)

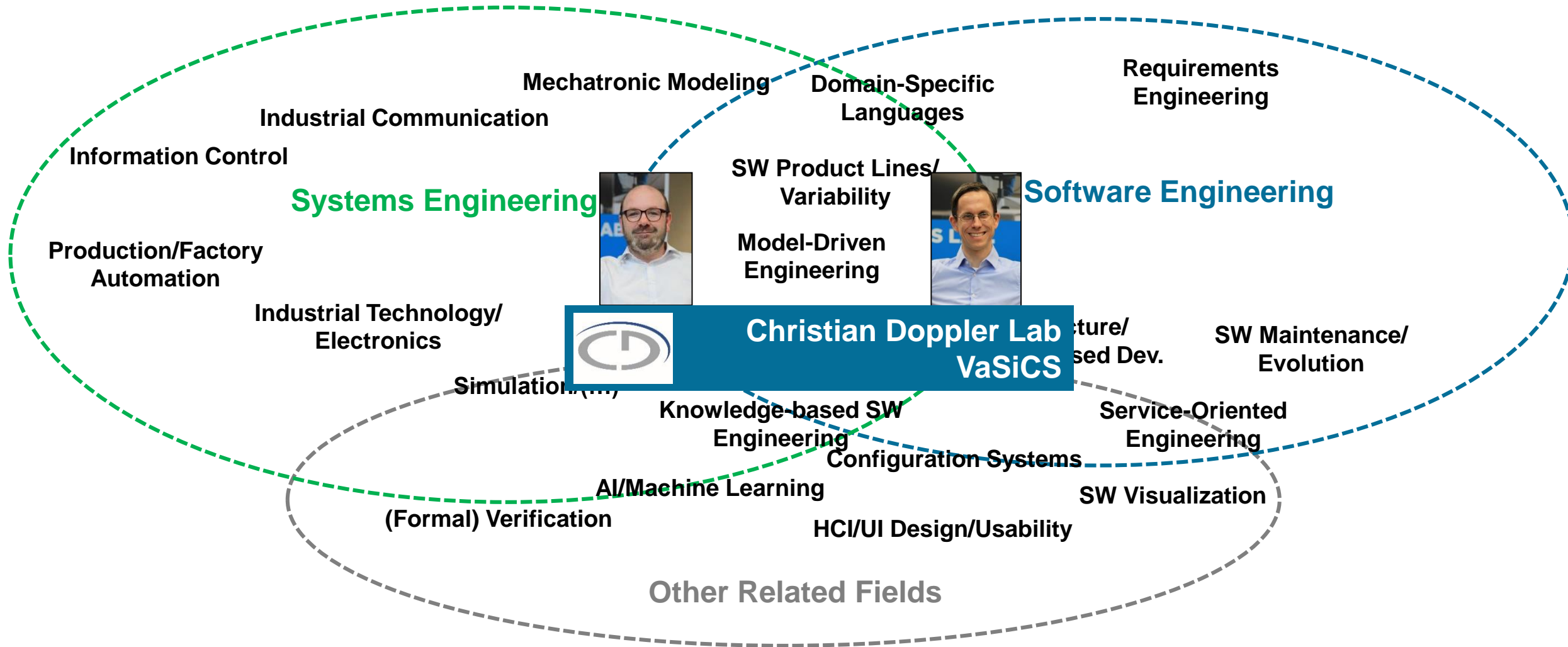
- VaSiCS: Mastering **V**ariability in **S**oftware-**i**ntensive **C**yber-**P**hysical **P**roduction **S**ystems
  - CPPS variability modeling approach
  - automatically mine and model variability
  - support configuring and generating CPPS target artifacts
  - support CPPS roundtrip/evolution



<https://www.jku.at/cdl-vasics/>



# Scientific Landscape relevant for the CDL



# First Results

## State of the Practice Analyses (Antonio Gutierrez)

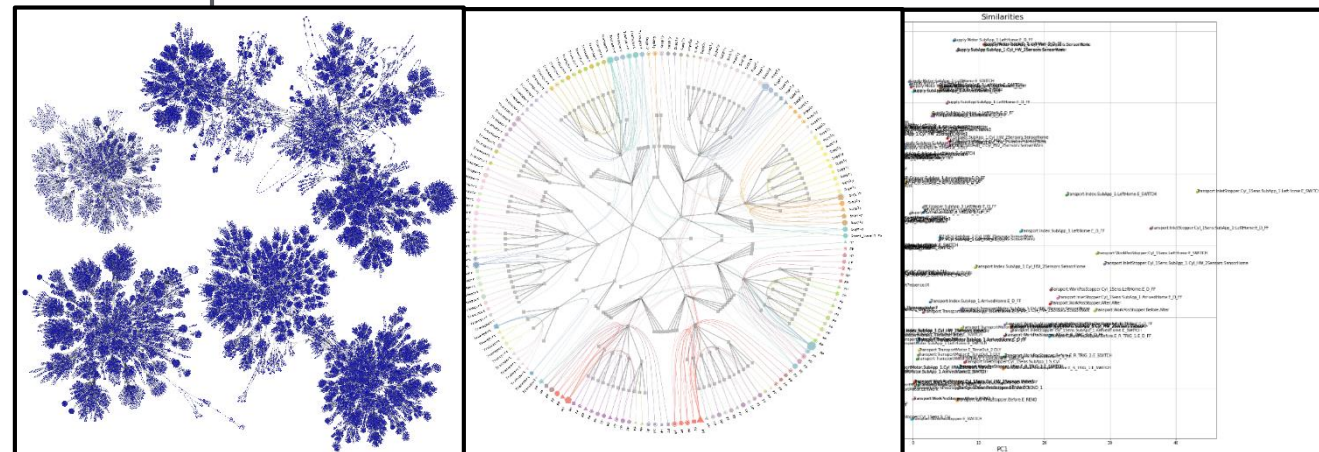
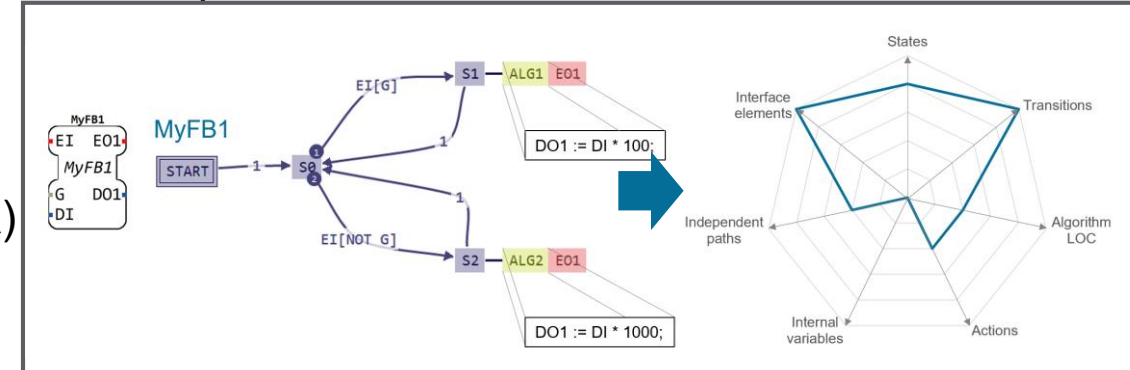
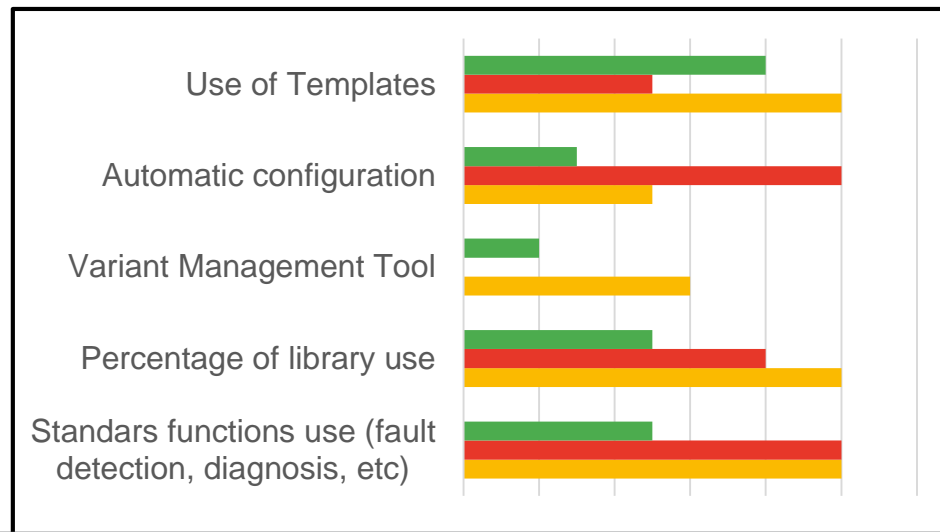
- e.g., Survey I4.0 (coop. with TUM) and SiCPPS Variability

## State of the Art Analyses

### Approaches to Master Variability in SiCPPS

- **Better SiCPPS SW Design** (Lisa Sonnleithner, Ernst Blecha)
  - Metrics, **Bad Smells**, Design Patterns for IEC 61499
- **SiCPPS Variability Modeling with Deltas** (Hafiyyan Fadhlillah, Philipp Bauer)
- Graph-based/ML-based Analysis for
  - Variability Mining (Markus Unterdechler)
  - Analyzing Modularization (Markus Unterdechler)
  - Clone Detection (Elene Kutsia)

<https://www.jku.at/en/cdl-vasics/research/publications>





# Better SiCPS SW Design/Architectures

# Bad Smells

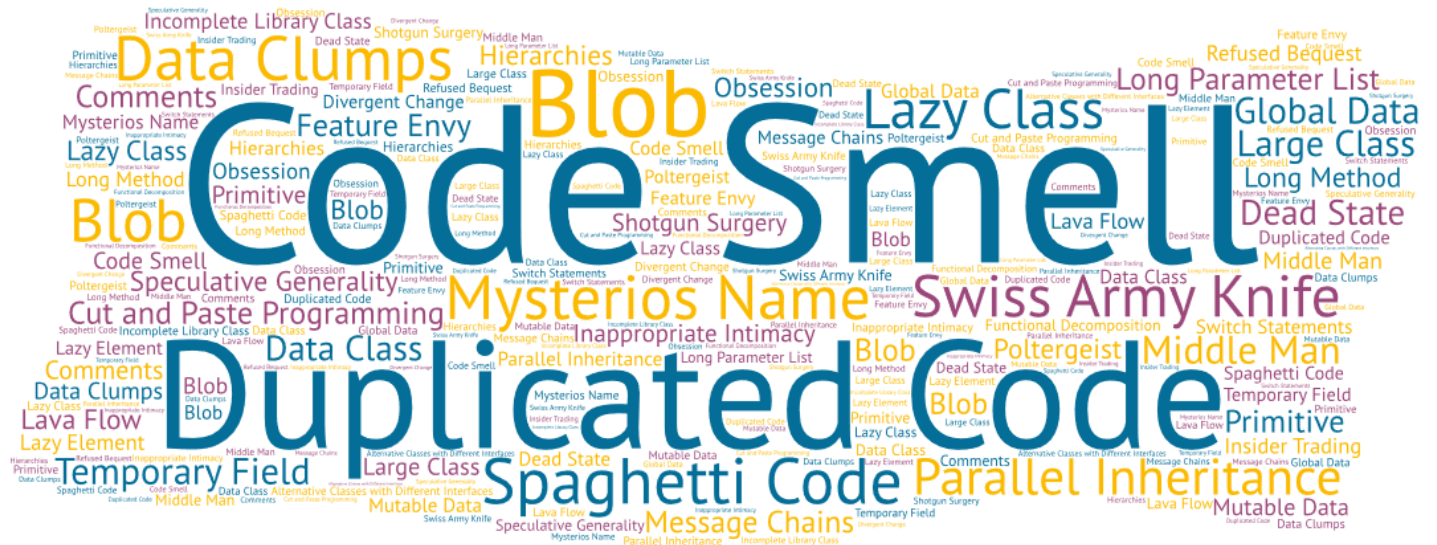
## Certain suboptimal structures or patterns in software

## Bad Smells lead to

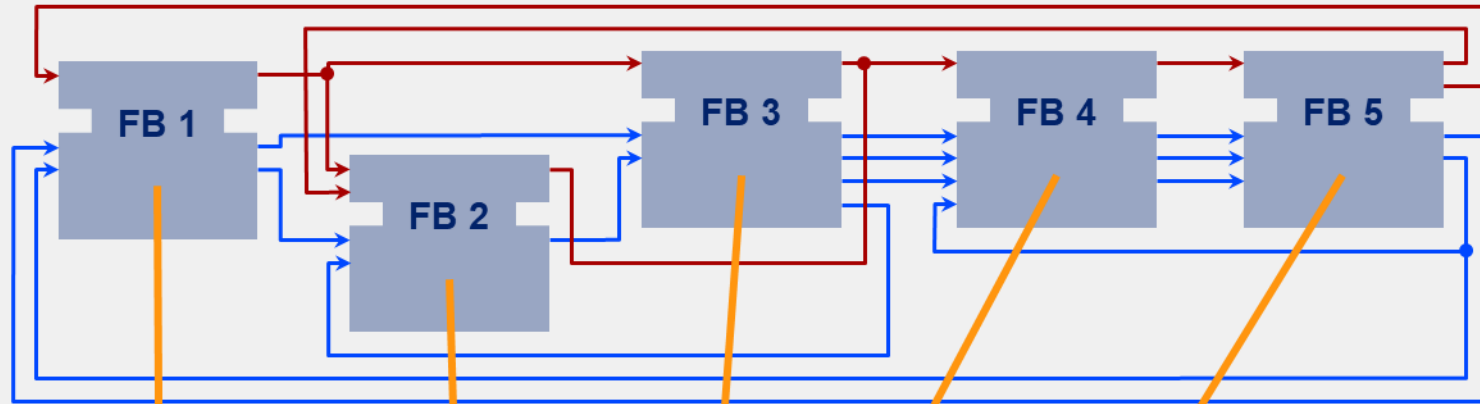
Maintenance issues, low software quality, poor understandability, etc.

## Our goal

## Identifying IEC 61499 Bad Smells

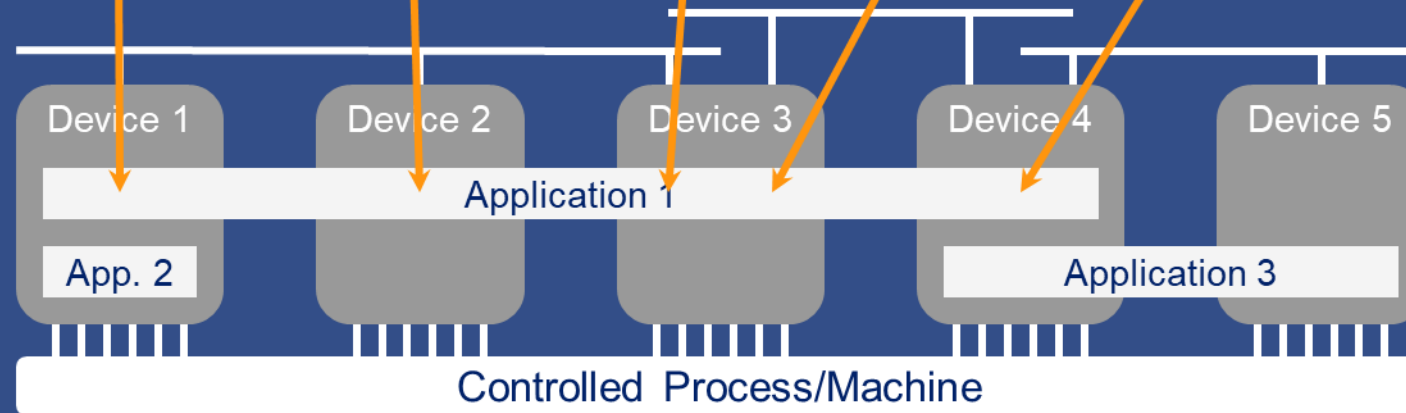


# Domain-specific Modeling Language for Distributed Industrial Process Measurement and Control Systems

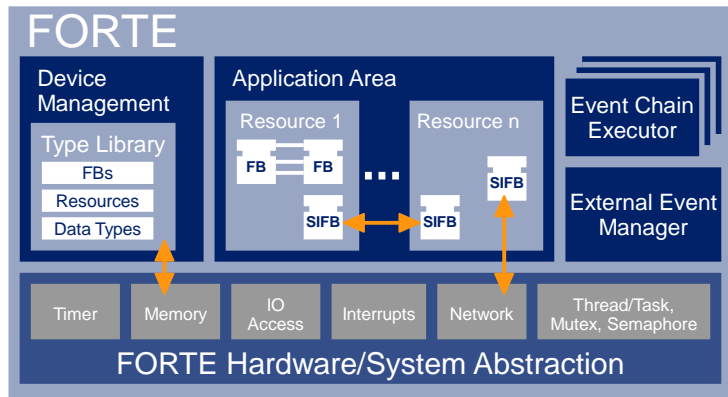
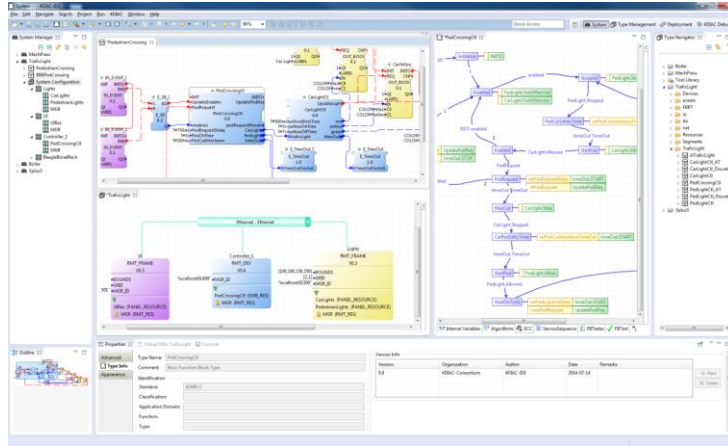


## System Model:

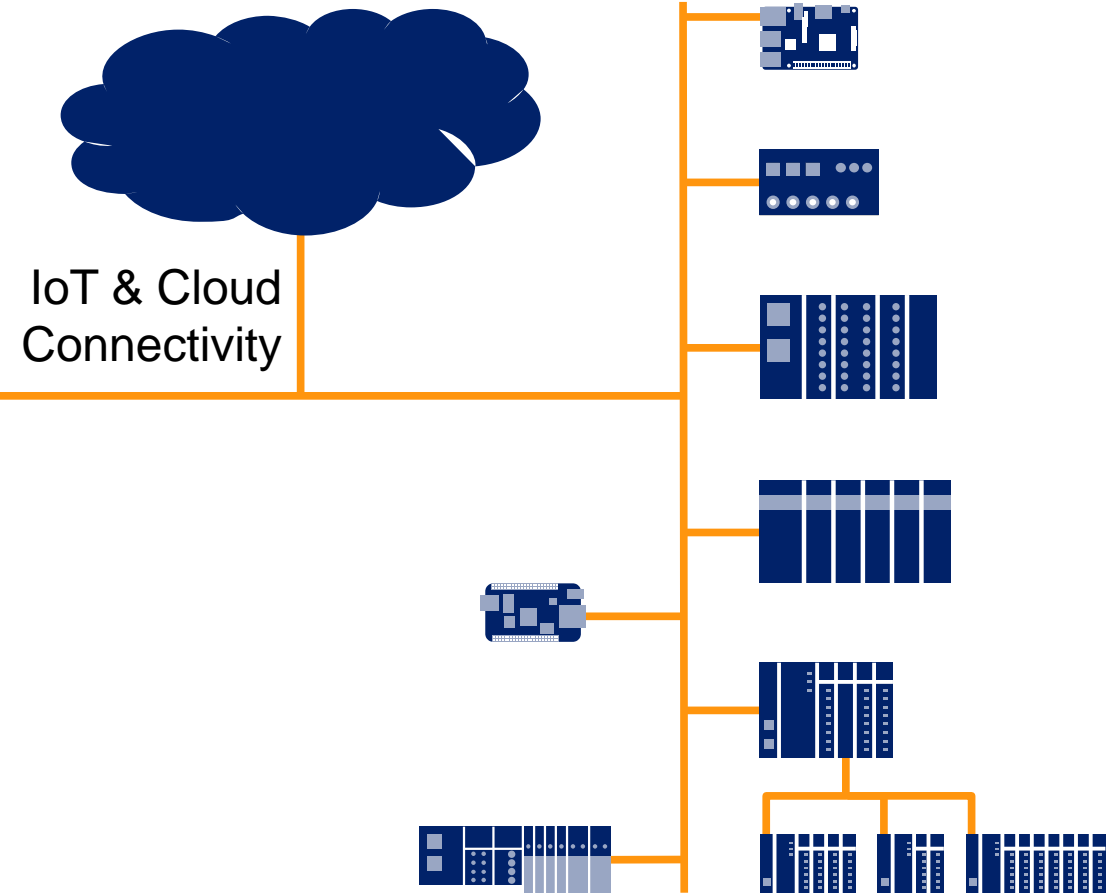
- Devices
- Process/Machine
- Communications Infrastructure



# Eclipse 4diac



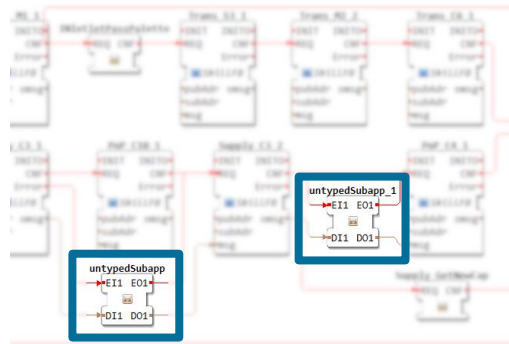
Program, deploy,  
(re-)configure,  
monitor





# Proposed Bad Smells Catalog

## Duplicated Code

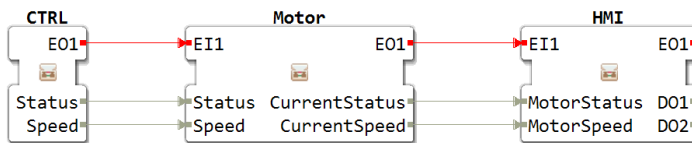


Name	Level	Description	Impl.
Duplicated Code	ALL	The same or similar code appearing more than once.	N
Long Algorithm	FB	An algorithm that is too long and complex.	N
Large Type	FB	An FB type that is too large and complex.	N
Large Interface	FB	Too many interface elements.	N
Divergent Change	FB	One change leading to many changes within the same FB type.	N
Shotgun Surgery	FB	One change leading to changes in many different FB types.	N
Feature Envy	ALL	An IEC 61499 component having high cohesion to another that should not be coupled tightly.	N
Data Clumps	FBN	A group of interface elements that always appear together.	N
Lazy Element	ALL	An IEC 61499 component without purpose (e.g., CFB only containing one FB).	N
Dead State	ECC	State (except start state) which does not have any input transitions or to which a path cannot be found from the EC initial state by following the directed links.	Y
Dead Transition	ECC	Transition with lower priority than the 1 transition condition	Y
Dead FB	FB	FB (except start FB) which does not have any input event connections.	Y
Terminal State	ECC	State that is reachable, but which does not have any outgoing EC transitions.	Y
Unused Event	FB	Event input/output of the FB type containing the ECC that is not used in any EC transitions.	Y
Unused Data	FB	When the particular input event is connected, the associated data input is unconnected or not configured.	Y
Mutable Data	ALG	The algorithm writes on a data input.	N
Dead Event	FB	An event that is not used in the transition condition of any stable ECC state and is thus always ignored.	N

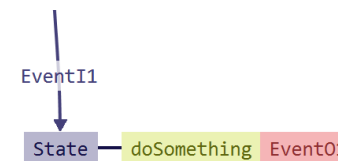
## Large Type



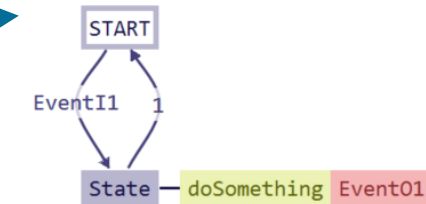
## Data Clumps



## Terminal State

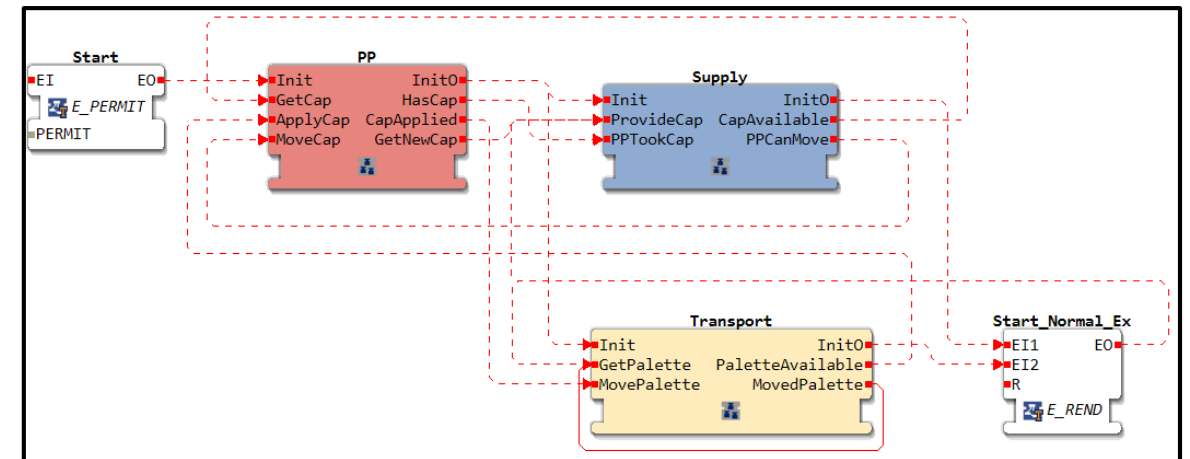
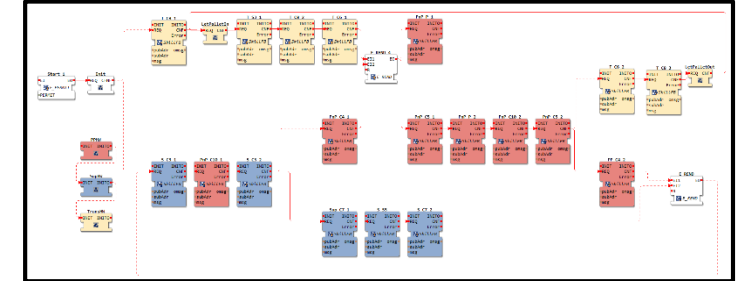
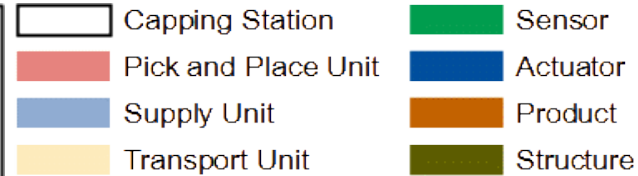
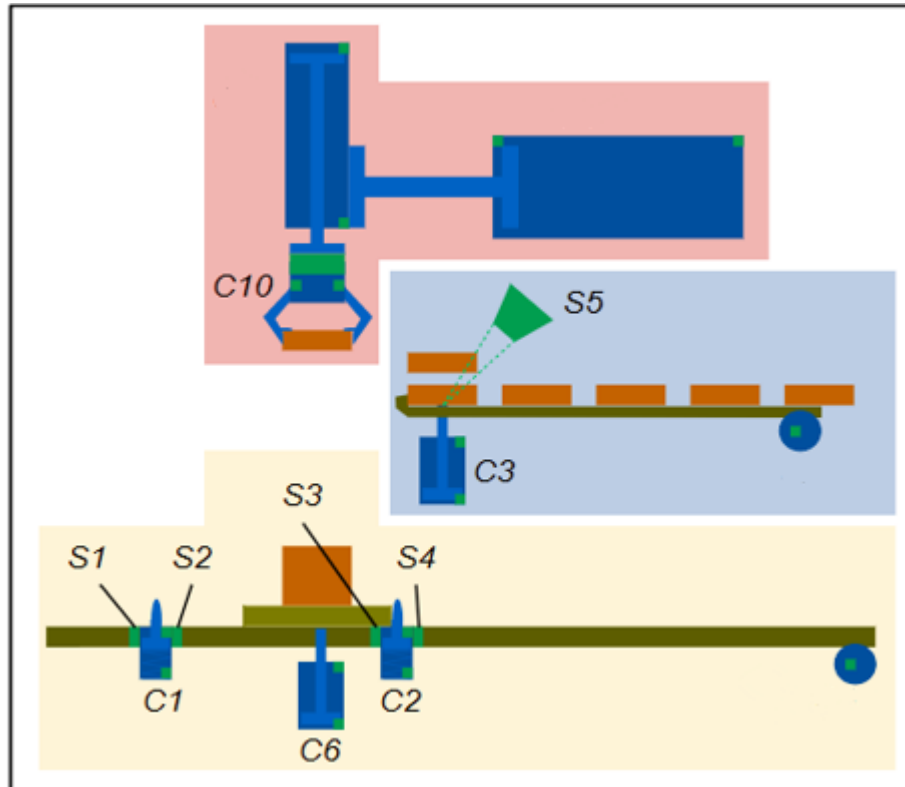


## Lazy Element



Lisa Sonnleithner, Sándor Bácsi, Michael Oberlehner, Elene Kutsia, and Alois Zoitl: Do you smell it too? Towards IEC 61499 Bad Smells. ETFA, IEEE, 2021.

# Running Example: Capping Station that can cap 1 Bottle with a Finger Gripper



# SiCPPS Variability Modeling with Deltas

- A *module* describing the changes needed to produce another product variant
- Changes are related to a base or core implementation and always specifically targeted at a certain *component*
- *Delta modules* can contain one or more *delta operations* such as:
  - *Add*
  - *Remove*
  - *Modify*

Common info in Delta

Delta module name

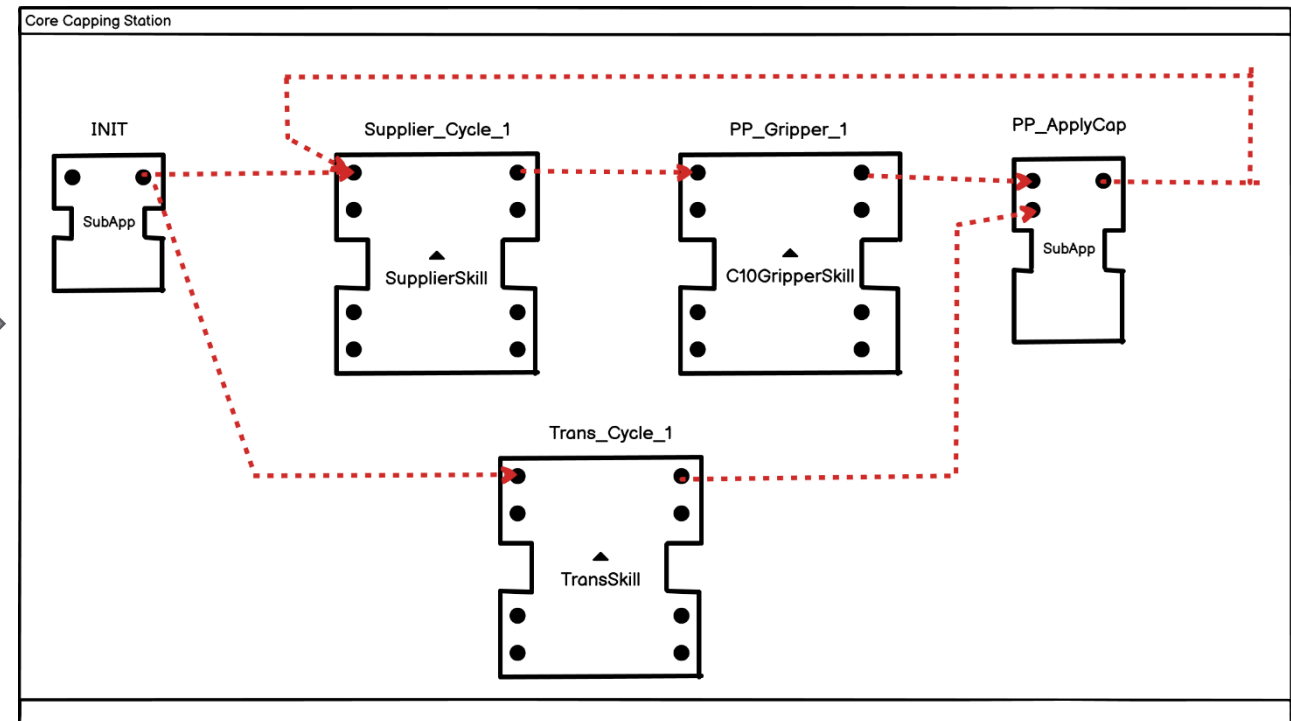
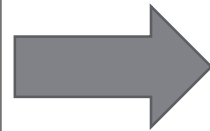
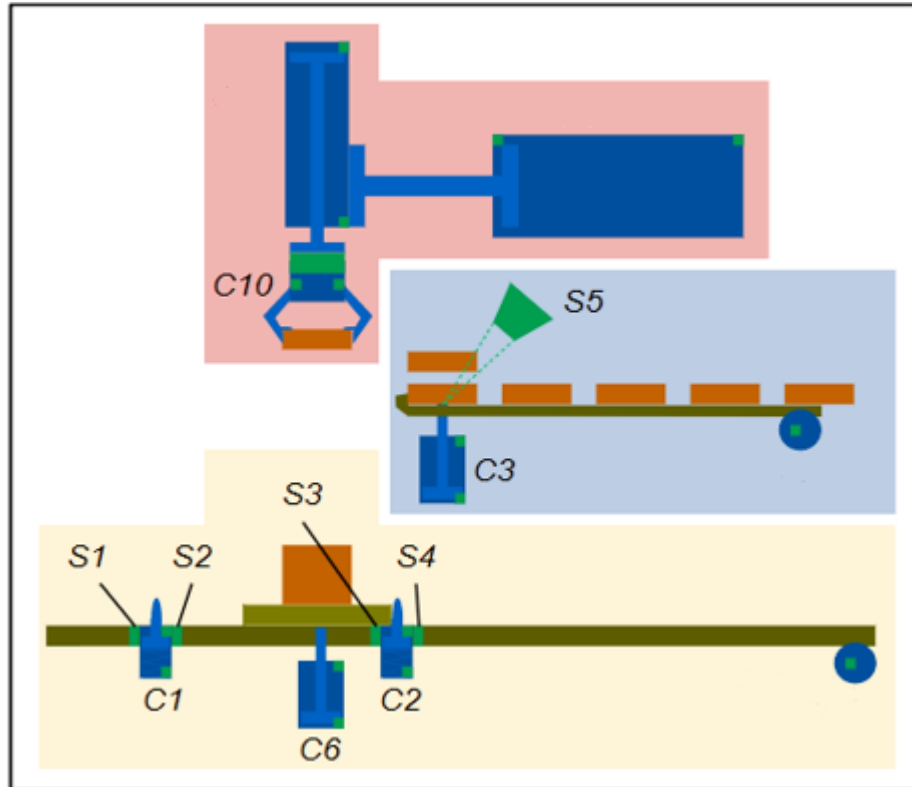
Component changed by this delta module

```
{  
    <One or more delta operations>  
    .....  
}
```

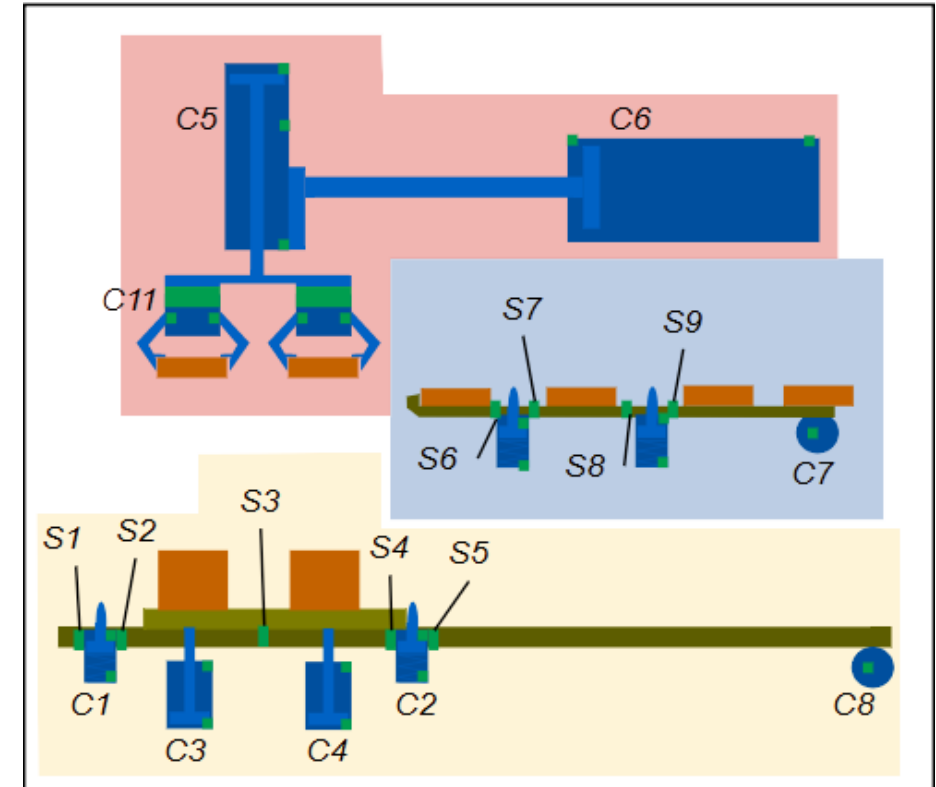
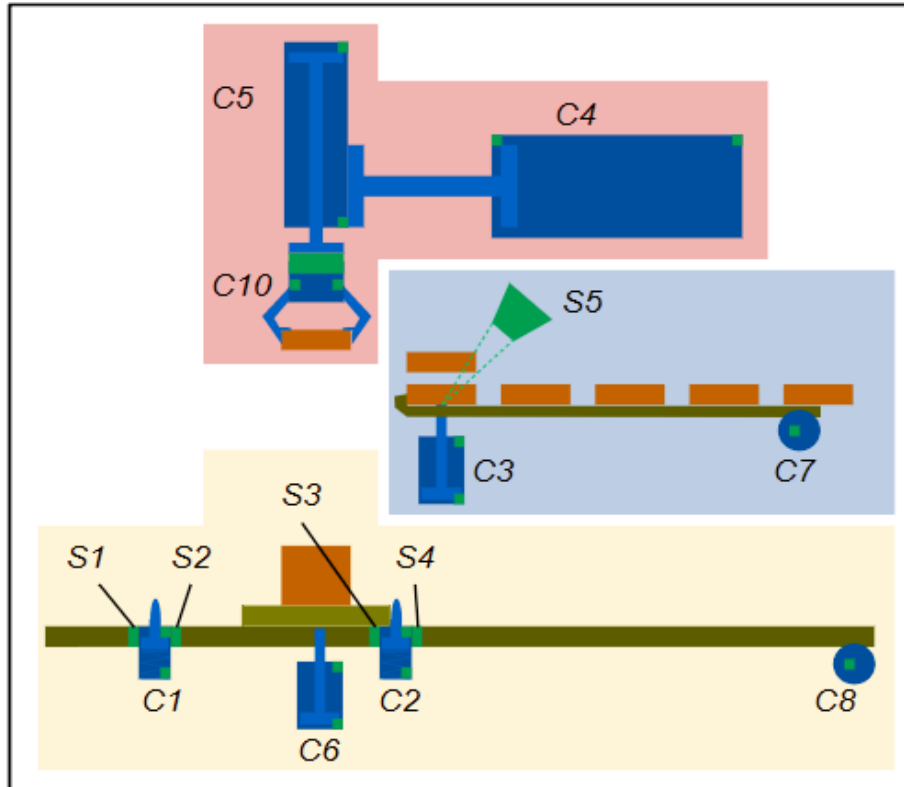
Hafiyyan Sayyid Fadhlillah, Bianca Wiesmayr, Michael Oberlehner, Rick Rabiser, Alois Zoitl: Towards Delta-Oriented Variability Modeling for IEC 61499. ETFA, IEEE, 2021.



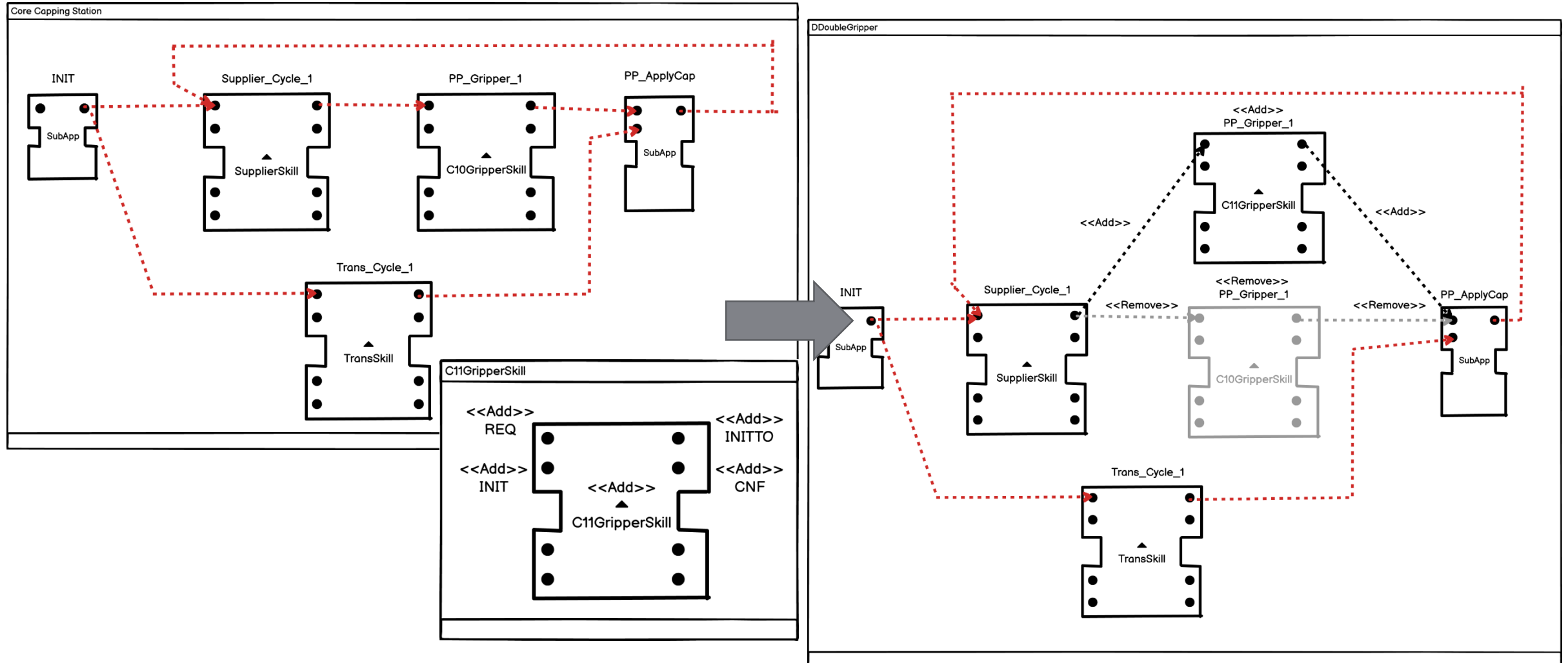
# Base Design (Capping 1 Bottle with Finger Gripper)



# Variation 1 (Capping 2 Bottles w. Finger Gripper)

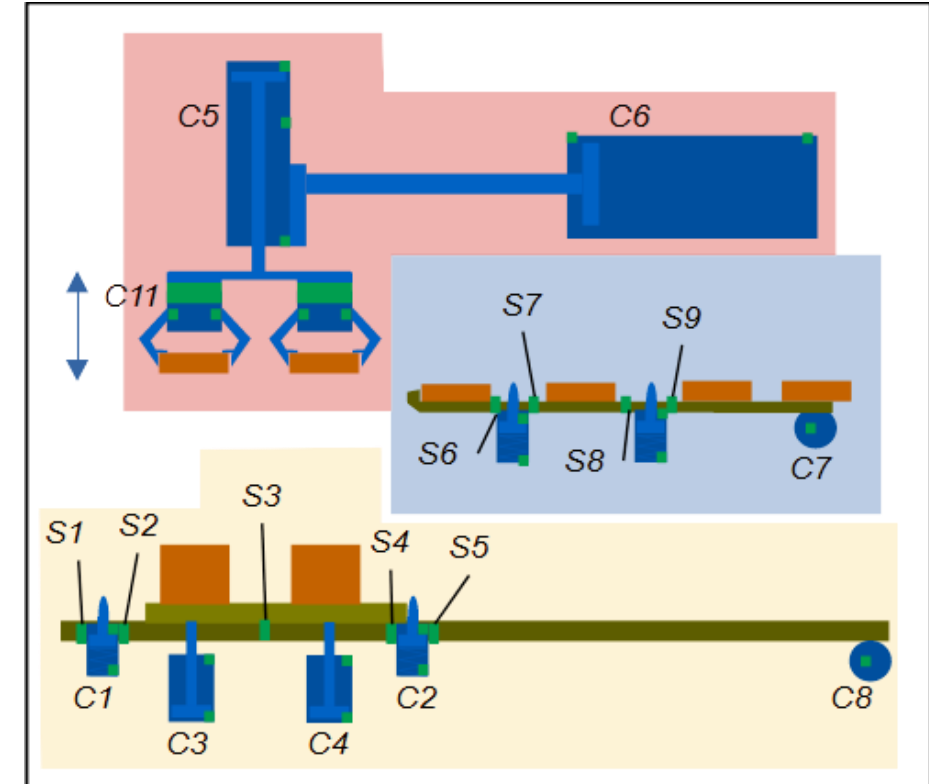
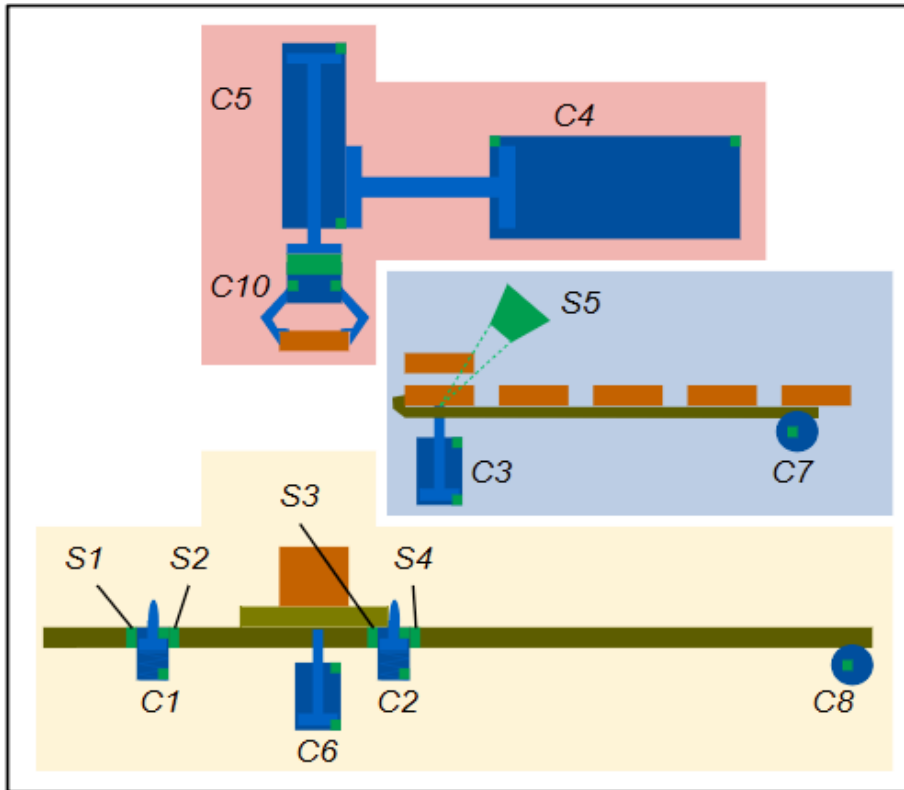


# Variation 1 (Capping 2 Bottles with Finger Gripper)

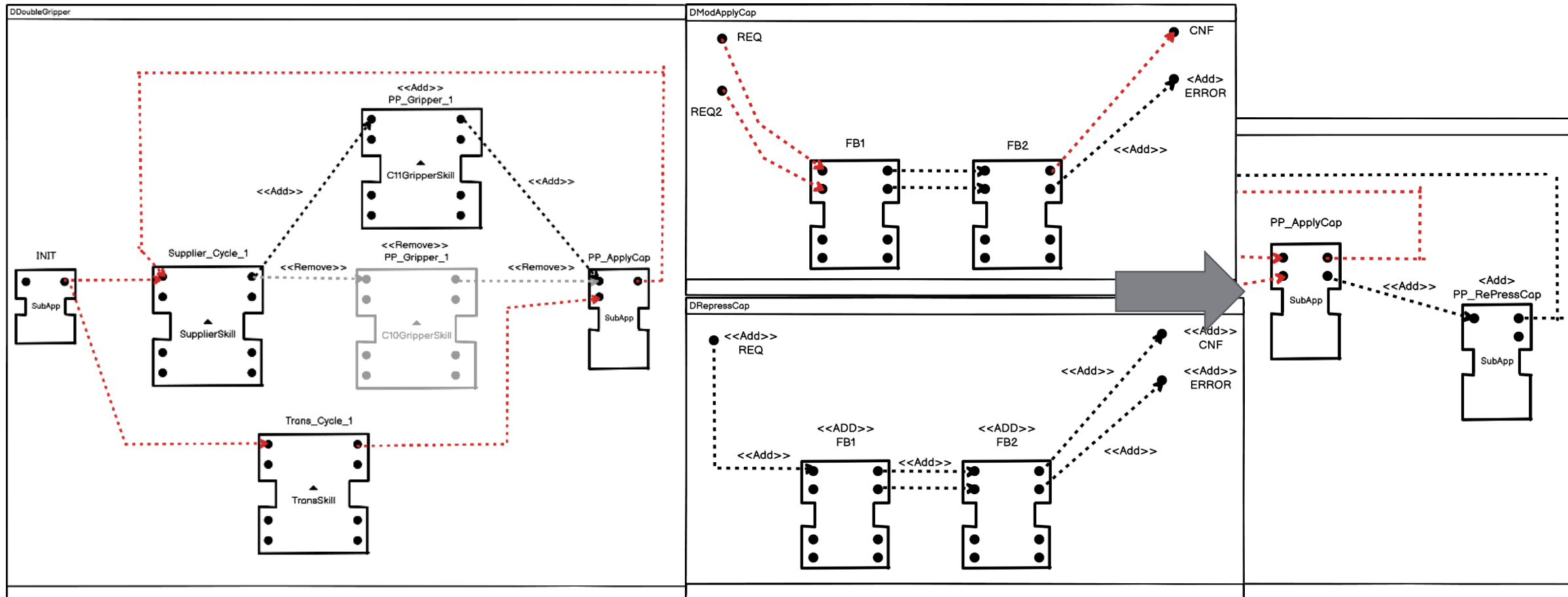




# Variation 2 (Capping 2 Bottles with Finger Gripper with Re-grip Functionality)

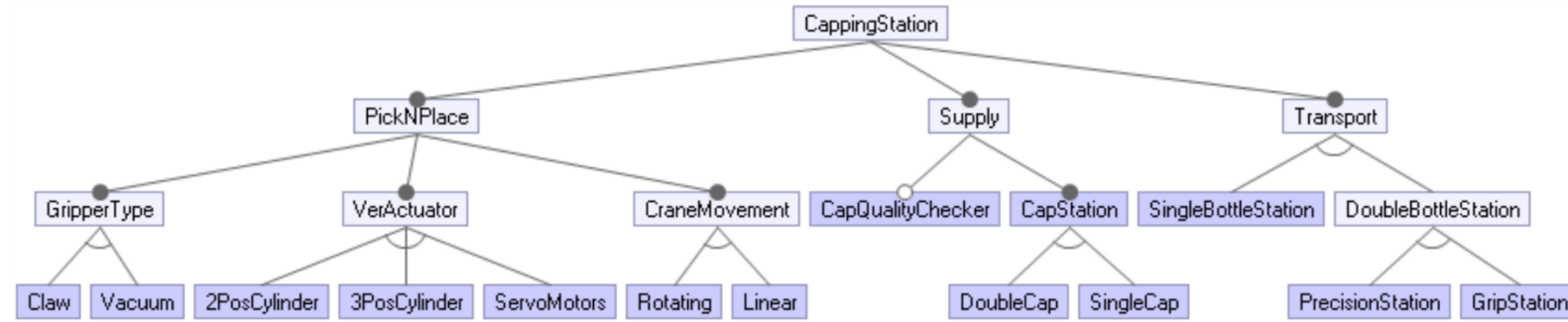


# Variation 2 (Capping 2 Bottles with Finger Gripper with Re-grip Functionality)



# CPPS Var: Multiple Views

Mechatronics  
Variability



SingleCap  $\wedge$  DoubleBottleStation  $\Rightarrow$  Rotating

Cross-Dimensional  
Constraints

Legend:

BV: Business  
Variability

PV: Process  
Variability

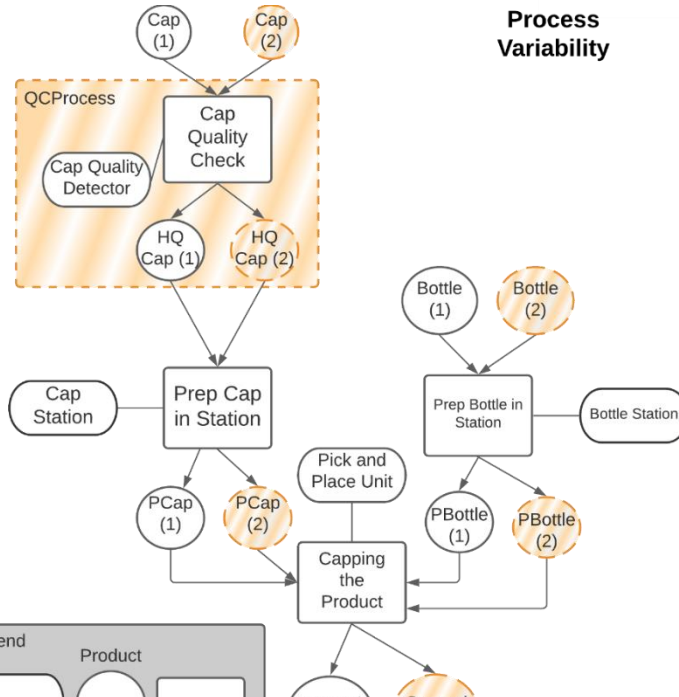
MV: Mechatronics  
Variability

- (C1.)  $BV.Q1 > 100 \Leftrightarrow \neg MV.SingleBottleStation \wedge PV.Cap(2) \wedge PV.HQCap(2) \wedge PV.PCap(2) \wedge PV.Bottle(2) \wedge PV.PBottle(2) \wedge PV.CappedBottle(2)$
- (C2.)  $BV.Q1 \leq 100 \Leftrightarrow \neg (MV.DoubleCap \vee MV.Rotating \vee MV.DoubleBottleStation \vee (PV.Cap(2) \wedge PV.HQCap(2) \wedge PV.PCap(2) \wedge PV.Bottle(2) \wedge PV.PBottle(2) \wedge PV.CappedBottle(2)))$
- (C3.)  $BV.Q2 \leq 150 \Leftrightarrow \neg (MV.Rotating \vee MV.ServoMotors \vee MV.CapQualityChecker)$
- (C4.)  $BV.Q2 \leq 150 \wedge BV.Q1 > 100 \Leftrightarrow \neg MV.SingleCap$
- (C5.)  $BV.Q3 \leq 50 \Leftrightarrow \neg MV.Rotating$
- (C6.)  $BV.Q3 \leq 50 \wedge BV.Q1 > 100 \Leftrightarrow \neg MV.SingleCap$

Business  
Variability

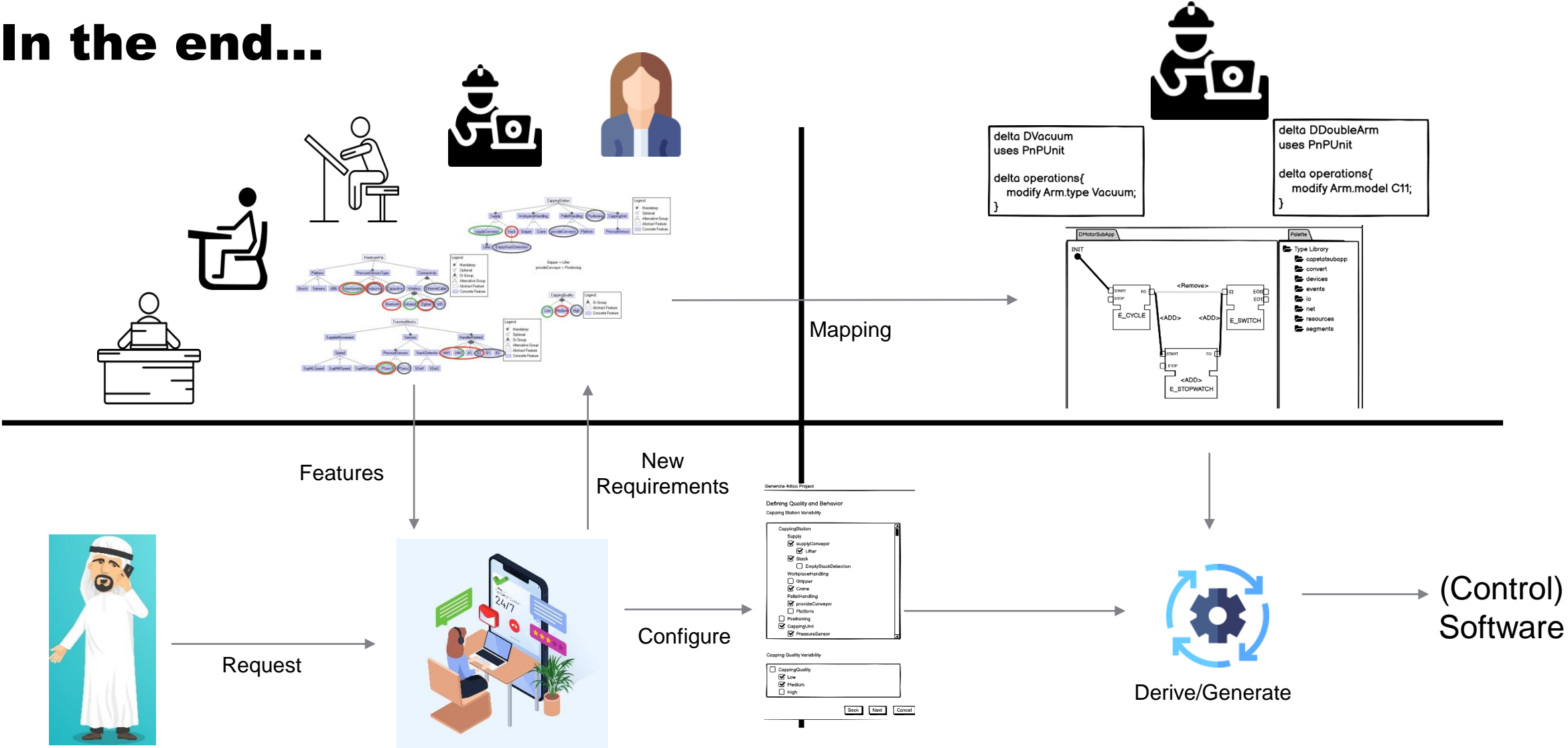
- Q1. What is your planned production capacity? (Positive Integer)
- Q2. What is your planned return of investment? (Positive Integer)
- Q3. Area of your factory (approximately in m<sup>2</sup>)? (Positive Integer)

Process  
Variability



H. S. Fadhlillah, K. Feichtinger, L. Sonnleithner, R. Rabiser, and A. Zoitl: Towards Heterogeneous Multi-Dimensional Variability Modeling in Cyber-Physical Production Systems. VariVolution at SPLC, ACM, 2021.

# In the end...





# Other current work (Selection)



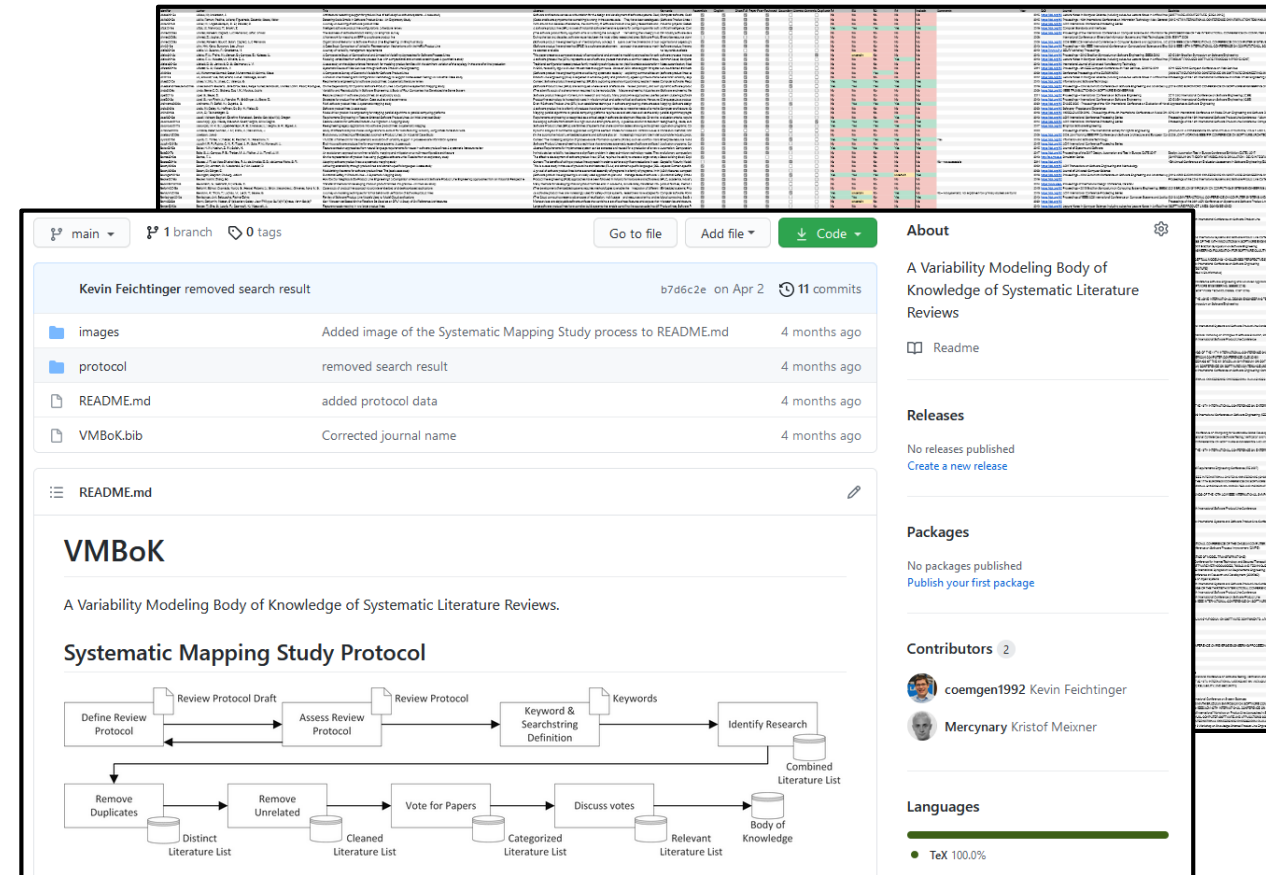
<https://www.jku.at/en/lit-cyber-physical-systems-lab/research/current-work>

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Johannes Kepler University Linz



# A Variability Modeling Body of Knowledge

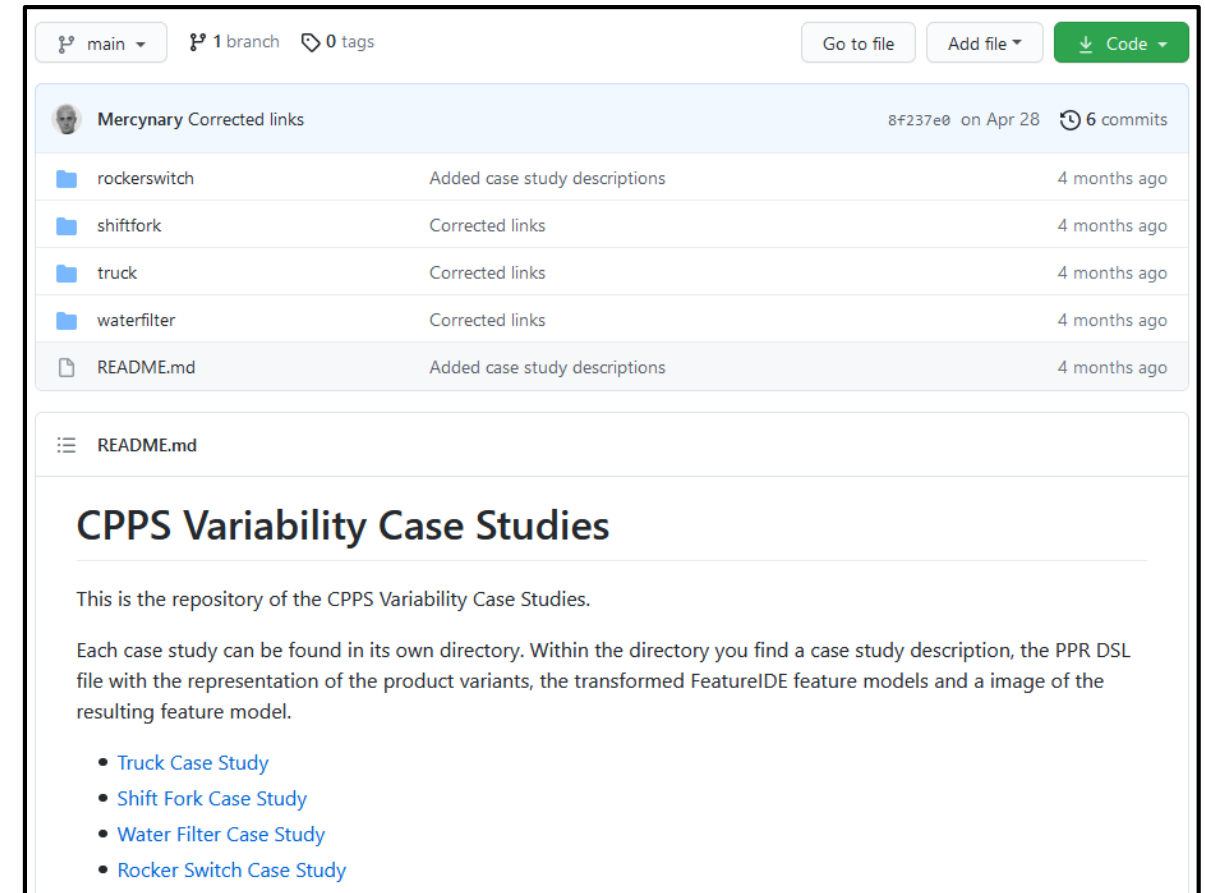
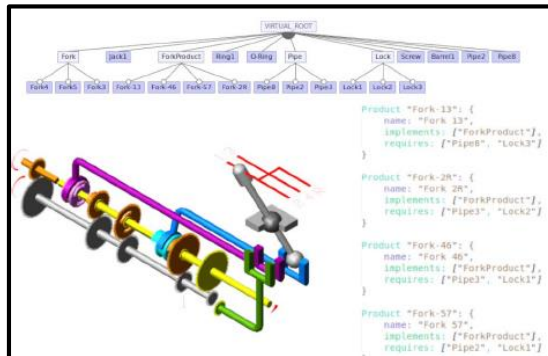
- <https://github.com/SECPS/VMBok>
- Collection of 78 Secondary Studies + Meta-Info (e.g., spreadsheet with infos on 454 publications voted on)
- Coop. with TU Vienna
- Current Work: Systematic Studies of three PhD students (Kevin Feichtinger, Kristof Meixner, Hafiyyan Sayyid Fadhlillah) focusing on different yet related research questions based on the BoK



*K. Feichtinger, K. Meixner, R. Rabiser, and S. Biffel, "A Systematic Study as Foundation for a Variability Modeling Body of Knowledge, Euromicro SEAA, IEEE, 2021.*

# Reusable Set of Real-World Product Line Case Studies

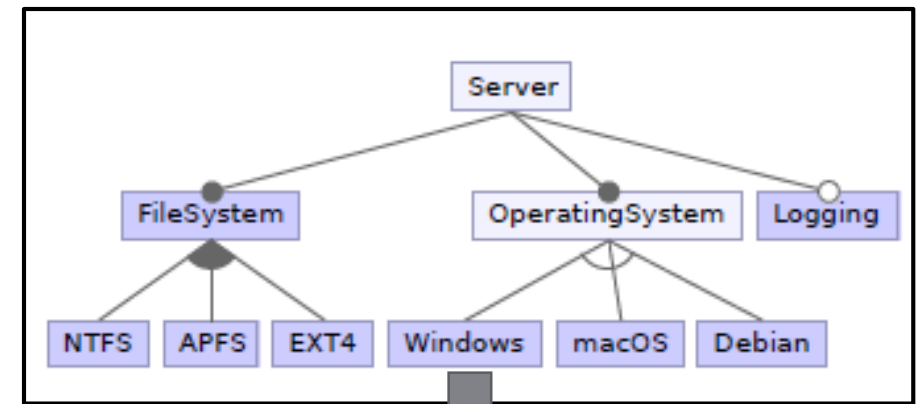
- <https://github.com/tuw-qse/cpps-var-case-studies>
- Coop. with TU Vienna
- Case Study Description, Product-Process-Resource DSL Files representing product variants, and FeatureIDE feature models
- Lego Truck
- Shift Fork
- Water Filter
- Rocker Switch



*K. Meixner, K. Feichtinger, R. Rabiser, and S. Biffl, "A Reusable Set of Real-World Product Line Case Studies for Comparing Variability Models in Research and Practice, WEESR at SPLC, ACM, 2021.*

# MODEVAR / UVL

- Goal: **standard variability modelling language developed by academia for academia and practice**
- Coop. with ~20+ universities, initiated by David Benavides
- <https://modevar.github.io/>
- Workshop series since 2018, collocated with VaMoS and SPLC
- Key result: **UVL – Proposal for a Universal Variability Language**
  - Uni Ulm with JKU and Uni Sevilla
  - <https://github.com/Universal-Variability-Language>



```
features
Server {abstract}
  mandatory
    FileSystem
      or // with cardinality: [1..*]
        NTFS
        APFS
        EXT4
    OperatingSystem {abstract}
      alternative
        Windows
        macOS
        Debian
  optional
    Logging {
      default,
      log_level "warn" // Feature Attribute
    }
```

C. Sundermann, K. Feichtinger, D. Engelhardt, R. Rabiser, and T. Thüm, "Yet Another Textual Variability Language? A Community Effort Towards a Unified Language, SPLC 2021, ACM, 2021.

```
Windows => NTFS
macOS => APFS
```



# Other Current Projects/Work at LIT CPS Lab

- [TraVarT: Transforming Variability Models](#)
  - with TU Vienna, Uni Ulm, SE/WIN JKU
- [Testing of Highly Configurable Cyber-Physical Systems](#)
  - with SCCH
- [Relation of academia and industry in Software Engineering](#)
  - with Uni Hildesheim, SE WIN JKU, Fraunhofer IESE, Canterbury University NZ, KU Leuven, Lero/Trinity College Dublin
- [Usability Studies of \(Software\) Engineering Tools](#)
- [SECPPS \(Software Engineering in Cyber-Physical Production Systems\) Workshop Series](#)
  - with TU Munich, SE WIN JKU, Uni Stuttgart
- [JKU/Dynatrace Co-Innovation Lab](#)
  - distributed data systems, real-time data analytics
- [EU Project 1-SWARM](#)
  - framework to standardize design of cyber-physical systems of systems
- [FFG Project BrAIN](#)
  - interaction patterns among individual process steps in manufacturing and production industry

# Conclusion: Close Cooperation between Industry and Academia is needed



“I have the impression that industry is often stuck/has problems with concepts we already introduced decades ago”

“It seems to me that many of the academic papers are exploring areas that industry has already solved in practice”

*Rabiser, R., Schmid, K., Becker, M., Botterweck, G., Galster, M., Groher, I., Weyns, D.: Industrial and Academic Software Product Line Research at SPLC: Perceptions of the Community, SPLC, ACM, 2019, pp. 189-194.*



# Thank you!

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